ORIGINAL BY RECEIVED BY

JUL 24 2 55 11 '89

_{. ் டி}ப்பிy 20, 1989

JUL 24 1989 FCC MAIL BRANCH

Robert B. Taylor, Licensee WTRU-FM
500 N. Delaware Blvd.
P.O. Box 848
Jupiter, FL 33458

Ms. Donna R. Searcy, Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street NW Washington, D.C. 20554

RE: File No. BPH-890103MD

Dear Ms. Searcy:

Please find enclosed for filing the original and required copies of a "Petition to Deny."

This "Petition to Deny" is in reference to an application for a new FM radio station at Jupiter, Florida, filed by Jupiter Broadcasting Corporation, which is mutually exclusive with a renewal application for WTRU-FM (formerly WKSY-FM), Jupiter, Florida, of which I am the licensee.

Please call the undersigned at (407) 744-6398 should there be any questions about this matter.

Sincerely,

Robert B. Taylor Licensee, WTRU-FM

RBT/ms

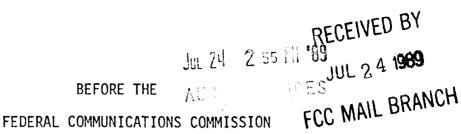
Enc.

cc: Jupiter Broadcasting Corp.

RECEIVED

JUL 2 4 1989

FM EXAMINERS



WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

BEFORE THE

In re Application of

Jupiter Broadcasting Corp.

For a NEW FM radio station at Jupiter, FL (Mutually exclusive with the renewal application for WTRU-FM, formerly WKSY-FM, Jupiter, FL)

To: Chief, Mass Media Bureau File No. BPH-890103MD

PETITION TO DENY

1) Based on the evidence described below and in attached exhibits, Petitioner asserts that "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." is using the commission's license renewal process as a means to force an existing commission licensee, myself, to sell this FM station to it. It is obvious from the chronology below that having been unsuccessful in their attempts to get me to agree to sell WTRU-FM (formerly WKSY-FM), Jupiter, Florida, to them, the Levine group has filed its competing application against the Jupiter license in an effort to force me to accede to their demands. Therefore, the application of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." should be denied and dismissed by the commission.

- 2) The 1988 FCC Form 301 does not require a corporate applicant to list all of its equity shareholders, just individuals holding more than 50% of the applicant's voting stock. The equity shareholders of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." are Charles E. Reid and Paul J. Levine, both of Florida, and Philip Grabber of Kentucky. These three individuals have carefully structured their new corporation so that Charles Reid holds 100% of the votes, thus concealing from the commission the fact that both Mr. Levine and Mr. Grabber are also equity shareholders with financial interests in "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp."
- 3) The following facts reveal the actual intent of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp.":

<u>September 10, 1987.</u> Paul Levine phoned my office in Fort Wayne, Indiana, spoke with my employee, Patricia Harrington, and told her he wanted to purchase the Jupiter stations (both FM and AM). Under direct instructions from me, Miss Harrington told him they were not for sale.

September 14, 1987. Paul Levine sent a letter to my office in Fort Wayne (Exhibit 1) asking to purchase the Jupiter stations.

October 19, 1987. Paul Levine again phoned my office in Fort Wayne, spoke with Patricia Harrington a second time, repeated his request to purchase the stations and was again told by Miss Harrington that the stations were not for sale.

October 1987. On at least two occasions Paul Levine phoned my legal counsel in Washington, D.C., James R. Bayes of Wiley, Rein & Fielding, and told Mr. Bayes that he wanted to purchase the Jupiter stations.

As I had previously given specific instructions to Mr. Bayes to tell any inquiring parties that the Jupiter stations were not available for sale, this is what Mr. Levine was told by Mr. Bayes.

November 6, 1987. Having already been told verbally by two different persons representing me that the Jupiter stations were not for sale, Paul Levine sent a second letter to me (Exhibit 2). Although he acknowledges in the second paragraph of this letter that he knows I do not wish to sell, he again asks me to sell the stations to him (in the first paragraph).

<u>February 3, 1988</u>. Apparently ignoring my multiple rejections of his previous offers, Paul Levine sent a third letter (Exhibit 3) in which he continues to pressure me to sell to him.

July 19, 1988. Charles Reid, another principal in "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." phoned my office in Fort Wayne, Indiana, spoke with my employee, Patricia Harrington, and told Miss Harrington that he wanted to purchase the Jupiter stations. Miss Harrington advised Mr. Reid that the stations were not for sale.

January 3, 1989. Paul Levine, having joined forces with Charles
Reid and a third partner, Philip Grabber, filed a competing application
at the commission for the Jupiter AM and FM licenses using the name
"Jupiter Broadcasting Corp."

January 18, 1989. Paul Levine and Charles Reid met with me for over an hour at my WKSY/WTRU office in Jupiter. During this meeting, both Levine and Reid stated that since I refused to sell the stations to them, they had decided to use the commission's license renewal process to try to force me to sell to them. While sitting at my desk in my office, with Mr. Reid watching, Mr. Levine told me that "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." would withdraw its competing application for the Jupiter licenses at the FCC if I would capitulate and sell the stations to his group. He made it very clear that their competing application was an FCC authorized tool for them to use to force me to sell.

February 24, 1989; May 24, 1989; July 11, 1989. On these three occasions, while discussing other matters on the phone, Paul Levine again asked me to sell the Jupiter stations to him.

4) The Commission should dismiss the application of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." because recent case law before the FCC shows the rejection of a challenger with similar legal structure.

"Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." was designed and set up by one of its equity principals, a Miami attorney, Paul J. Levine. Although equity shares in the corporation are owned by at least two white men, Paul Levine of Miami and Philip Grabber of Kentucky, Mr. Levine purposely structured his corporation so <u>all</u> the voting shares are held by a minority person, Charles Reid, a black man.

However, in a recent commission decision the FCC Administrative Law Judge labelled the challenger's legal structure to be a "sham" when the challenger gave operating control to a black woman by naming her its general partner while the white persons with equity interests were listed as limited partners. In this case involving a license challenge to Metroplex Communication Corporation, licensee of FM station WHYI, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, by challenger Southeast Florida Broadcasting, L.P., in his ruling issued January 4, 1989 and released January 27, 1989, FCC Chief Administrative Law Judge Thomas B. Fitzpatrick wrote: "The record does not support any sound business reason for Southeast's structure, other than an attempt to garner a comparative integration credit and, as a result, it is ruled that its integration proposal is rejected as a sham." The parallel here is obvious...there is no sound business reason for "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." to be structured the way it is (with 100% voting control held by the minority partner), other than an attempt by Paul Levine and Philip Grabber to garner a comparative integration credit.

5) The commission should dismiss the application of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." because its legal counsel, the firm of Leibowitz and Spencer, has behaved in an unethical manner. One of the principals of this firm, Matthew L. Leibowitz, has knowingly breached the confidential attorney-client relationship which he had maintained for five years with the licensees of the Jupiter stations, U.S. Two

Broadcasting Corp., U.S. Three Broadcasting Corp., and their holding company parent corporation Group One Broadcasting Corp., whose name was later changed to R & R Broadcasting Corp. Matthew Leibowitz was retained and paid by these Jupiter licensees from early 1979 through early 1984 (see Exhibits 4 and 5). During this time much confidential financial, business and FCC license information was given to Matthew Leibowitz by the Jupiter licensees. Now Mr. Leibowitz has supplied this confidential information from his files to Jupiter Broadcasting Corp. to use in its attempt to take the FCC licenses away from the Jupiter licensees. This type of unethical behavior, a clear conflict of interest by a law firm practicing before the FCC, should not be condoned by the commission.

It should be noted that as licensee of WTRU-FM, I was sole stockholder in all three of these licensee corporations from 1984 through 1988 when the corporations were dissolved. The pending license renewal application before the commission for WTRU-FM is based on performance during the FCC seven year license period, 1982 through 1989, which includes up to three years during which Matthew Leibowitz served as legal counsel to the Jupiter licensees.

6) The "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." application for 99.5 mHz at Jupiter should be dismissed by the commission because although the applicants atate that they have a usable transmitter site, in fact, they do not. The town council of the town of Jupiter which

controls zoning and development, will not allow a tower to be built on the site proposed by "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." Their site is directly on a major 4 lane highway (Alternate AIA) controlled by the Florida Department of Transportation. It is approximately 100 to 200 feet from the main tracks of the Florida East Coast Railway (FEC). It is directly on the Florida Intracoastal Waterway. None of these three, the Florida DOT, FEC railroad or the waterway commission will allow a tower that close to their facilities.

Their site is next to an office building, the Bayside 1001, in an area that is zoned for office buildings and certain types of retail only. A tower would need a special exception authorized by the Jupiter Town Council since the site is within the city limits. The council will not approve it because of the proximity of residential neighborhoods. The council policy is no towers in residential areas (see Exhibit 6). A residential planned unit development (PUD) called "Jupiter Harbour" is located directly across the intracoastal waterway from their proposed site, within 500 feet of their proposed tower. About 500 feet in the other direction, across highway Alternate AlA and the railroad tracks next to the highway, is another residential neighborhood including a church and the Jupiter public library. This includes residences on these neighborhood streets: Park Street, Florida Avenue, Old Dixie Highway and Townhall Avenue, all within the village of Jupiter.

In addition, in my contacts with the Federal Aviation Administration in recent months, the FAA has advised me and others that a tower of the height proposed by "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." would not be allowed by the FAA at that location.

- 7) Since the mutually exclusive application of "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." is not a bona fide application for a license but rather is a sham and a fraud being used as a pressure tool against an existing commission licensee, this petitioner pleads for dismissal of the "Jupiter Broadcasting Corp." application for 99.5 mHz at Jupiter, Florida.
- 8) The call sign of WKSY (FM) was changed to WTRU (FM) on March 30, 1989.
- 9) I am not represented by legal counsel at this time. This pleading is being submitted by myself as the individual licensee of WTRU (FM).

Respectfully submitted,

Robert B. Taylor, Licensee

WTRU (FM)

500 N. Delaware Blvd.

P.O. Box 848

Jupiter, FL 33458

Dated: July 20, 1989

RECEIVED BY
JUL 2.4 1989
FCC MAIL BRANCH

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Robert B. Taylor, hereby certify that on this 21st day of July, 1989, a copy of the foregoing "Petition to Deny" was mailed by United States First Class mail, postage prepaid, to the following:

Paul J. Levine, Director Jupiter Broadcasting Corp. Grossman and Roth Grand Bay Plaza, Penthouse 1 2665 S. Bayshore Dr. Miami, Fl 33133

Robert B. Taylor

LAW OFFICES

SPENCE, PAYNE, MASINGTON, GROSSMAN & NEEDLE, P.A.

SUITE 300, GROVE PROFESSIONAL BUILDING

2950 SOUTHWEST 27TH AVENUE

MIAMI, FLORIDA 33133

TELEPHONE (305) 447-0641

ISLAMORADA OFFICE
MILE MARKER 81.5
81581 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY
ISLAMORADA, FLORIDA 33036
(305) 664 · 4481
DIRECT FROM MIAMI: 381 · 9267

STEPHEN L. MALOVE
ROSALIND B. HERSCHTHAL
JOHN F. EVERSOLE III
CLAIRE B. FORD
PAUL J. LEVINE

STUART Z. GROSSMAN

J. B. SPENCE

R. W. PAYNE, JR. RICHARD S. MASINGTON

ANDREW NEEDLE

OF COUNSEL

September 14, 1987

RECEIVED BY

OUL 24 1969

FCC MAIL BRANCH

Federal Express

Personal & Confidential

Mr. Robert B. Taylor WXKF-FM 2541 Goshen Road Ft. Wayne, Indiana 46808

Dear Mr. Taylor:

I represent a group interested in purchasing the license of WKSY-FM and WTRU-AM in Jupiter, Florida. If you are interested in entertaining an offer, please contact me as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Paul J. Levine

PJL/gb

LAW OFFICES

SPENCE, PAYNE, MASINGTON, GROSSMAN & NEEDLE, P.A.

SUITE 300, GROVE PROFESSIONAL BUILDING

2950 SOUTHWEST 27TH AVENUE

MIAMI, FLORIDA 33133

J. B. SPENCE
R. W. PAYNE, JR.
RICHARD S. MASINGTON
STUART Z. GROSSMAN
ANDREW NEEDLE
STEPHEN L. MALOVE
ROSALIND B. HERSCHTHAL
JOHN F. EVERSOLE III
CLAIRE B. FORD
PAUL J. LEVINE

OF COUNSEL

TELEPHONE (305) 447-0641

ISLAMORADA OFFICE
MILE MARKER 81.5
81581 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY
ISLAMORADA, FLORIDA 33036
(305) 664-4481

November 6, 1987

RECEIVED BYMIAMI: 381-9267
RECEIVED BYMIAMI: 381-9267
RECEIVED BRANCH
FCC MAIL BRANCH

Mr. Robert B. Taylor P.O. Box 848 Jupiter, Florida 33458

Re: WKSY-FM, WIXI-AM, Jupiter, Florida

Dear Mr. Taylor:

We represent a group that has a serious interest in purchasing your AM/FM combination in Jupiter. We understand that you intend to put the stations back on the air. We want you to know that our interest is sincere, that we are fully prepared to offer a sum as if the stations were currently on the air, and that we are capable of moving quickly.

We know that you have spurned prior offers for the stations but believe it would be advantageous for you to at least talk with us at your earliest opportunity. We look forward to hearing from you.

Paul J. Levine

PJL/gb

LAW OFFICES

SPENCE, PAYNE, MASINGTON, GROSSMAN & NEEDLE, P.A.

SUITE 300, GROVE PROFESSIONAL BUILDING

2950 SOUTHWEST 27TH AVENUE

MIAMI, FLORIDA 33133

J. B. SPENCE R. W. PAYNE, JR. RICHARD S. MASINGTON STUART Z. GROSSMAN ANDREW NEEDLE STEPHEN L. MALOVE ROSALIND B. HERSCHTHAL JOHN F. EVERSOLE III CLAIRE B. FORD

PAUL J. LEVINE OF COUNSEL

TELEPHONE (305) 447-0641

ISLAMORADA OFFICE MILE MARKER 81.5 81581 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY ISLAMORADA, FLORIDA 33036 (305) 664-4481 DIRECT FROM MIAMI: 381-9267

February 3, 1988

RECEIVED BY

JUL 24 1989

FCC MAIL BRANCH

Mr. Robert B. Taylor P.O. Box 848 Jupiter, Florida 33468

Re: WKSY-FM, WTRU-AM

Dear Mr. Taylor:

I represent a group that is interested in purchasing stations licensed to U.S. Two Broadcasting Corp. and U.S. Three Broadcasting Corporation. This is a serious inquiry on behalf of a client with the ability to move quickly. We would appreciate hearing from you if you have any interest in selling the stations.

PJL/gb

Levine

Law Offices kinson, Golden, Bacen & Diner

WILSON C. ATKINSON, III STEPHEN F. BACEN JESSE H. DINER ERIC H. GOLDEN BRYAN S. HENRY CONSTANCE J. KAPLAN MATTHEW L. LEIBOWITZ ADELE I. STONE

October 3, 1980

Group One Broadcasting Corporation Mr. Ron Winblad 100 North Delaware Avenue Jupiter, FL 33458

PSAs Re:

Dear Ron:

On September 26, 1980, the Commission adopted a new policy respect to Public Service Announcements Broadcasters are now permitted to use PSAs for purposes of meeting the needs and problems of their community of license. Accordingly, it would now be proper to include PSAs as illustrative programming on your annual problems-programs list that you must place in your public file each year. addition thereto, the Commission has decided to allow broadcasters to include PSAs in the "Other" programming category of the Annual Programming Report and for purposes of renewal applications. This will have the obvious effect of assisting you in meeting your proposed percentages of "other" programming.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

MATTHEW L. LEIBOWITZ

MLL/cg

POST OFFICE DRAWER 2088 1946 TYLER STREET

Hollywood, Florida 33022 TELEPHONE (305) 925-5501 MIAMI 944-1882

Tampa Office SUITE 2B

200 NORTH PIERCE STREET

Jampa. Florida 3361
(813) 228-9800

RECEIVED BY

JUL 2 4 1989

FCC MAIL BRANCH



January 18, 1984ED BY RECEIVED BY

Mr. Matthew L. Leibowitz, P.A. Suite 501 3050 Biscayne Boulevard Miami, FL 33137

JUL 2 4 1989 FCC MAIL BRAINCH

Dear Mr. Leibowitz:

This is in response to your letter to me of January 13, 1984. I have decided to authorize R & R Broadcasting to pay your invoices of approximately \$3,973.43 sometime within the next thirty days.

As you know, I am in the process of acquiring Ron Winblad's interest in R & R Broadcasting. I am utilizing the FCC services of Wiley, Johnson & Rein (Jim Bayes) in Washington, D.C. Therefore, I will not need your future FCC services. Please do not render any services to R & R Broadcasting in the future without my express permission beforehand.

Very truly yours,

Raymond E. Knape

REK:sr

C: James Bayes

Rosemary Bristow



February 6, 1984

Mr. Matthew L. Leibowitz, P.A. 3050 Biscayne Blvd., Suite 501 Miami, Fl 33137

Dear Matt:

Enclosed please find our check in the amount of \$3,973.43 as authorized for payment by Mr. Raymond E. Knape.

This should close our account with you.

Sincerely.

Rosemary L. Bristow. R. & R. Broadcasting

The Courier Journal

Serving our neighbors in Jupiter, Tequesta, Jupiter Farms, West Jupiter, Jupiter Inlet Colony, Juno Beach, and Hobe Sound

JUPITER, FLORIDA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1989

New limits may be considered for TV towers

By Yvette C. Hammett Staff Writer

JUPITER — New limits could be placed on cable companies that want to add satellite dishes to their transmission towers.

After recently recommending approval of a 100-foot microwave television transmission and reception tower in Pennock Industrial Park, Planning & Zoning Commission members agreed new limits should be looked at for adding "further accessories" on such towers.

The commission voted unanimously to recommend that the Town

Council grant a special exception for the tower Telesat Cablevision Inc., because the tower would be located in the same area as two others.

However, concerns were expressed by several commission members that once these towers are allowed, some companies, in particular Jupiter Cablevision, have peppered them with additional satellite dishes, making them unsightly.

As a condition of the approval, the commission stipulated that no more than two satellite dishes could be placed on the tower.

Chuck Blaine, who represented

Telesat at the meeting, said such a condition should be no problem, because the tower will be built specifically for two dishes. To add more, he said, would require re-building the tower, "and we have no intention of doing that."

Commissioner Michael Tammaro commended Telesat for taking the time to seek a proper site for the tower. He said towers like the cable tower should be in industrial zones, a good distance from residences.

"We ought to take a look at what can be done to prevent additions of satellite dishes to the towers," Commission Chairman Jerry Outlaw said.

The town attorney was directed to look into the town's legal footing.

Blaine said the tower is needed to upgrade the cable system.

"We're upgrading to increase channel capacity," he said. "To expand further, we needed a higher tower so we can bring in the Miami stations.

Adding the 100-foot tower will increase basic cable channels from 30 to 40, Blaine pointed out.